B-4471

DRUID HILL POWERHOUSE OF THE BALTIMORE TRACTION COMPANY BALTIMORE CITY, MD

This is a very impressive Romanesque Revival structure built in 1890 to function as a cable car power house. It has picturesque massing and a fortress-like character. It employs a rusticated stone, battered foundation, dark red brick walls, and light stone trim. There are oversized pedimented dormers with Queen Anne sash. The roofline of the Francis Street elevation is stepped. This is currently a commercial warehouse; access restricted.

## D INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES FORM SANDTOWN-WINCHESTER SURVEY

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM	
1. Name of Property	
historic name Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.	_
other names/site number warehouse/ B-4471	_
2. Location	
street & number 2480 Druid Hill Ave. not for publication	
city or town Baltimore vicinity N/A state Maryland code MD county Baltimore City code 510 zip code 21217	_
3. State/Federal Agency Certification N/A	
National Park Service Certification N/A	
5. Classification	
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)  x private  public-local  public-State  public-Federal	
Category of Property (Check only one box)  x building(s)  district  site  structure object	
Number of Resources within Property	
Contributing Noncontributing  1 buildings sites structures objects Total	

'SDI/NPS NRHP Registration Form (Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.) (Baltimore City, MD)  (3)	Page 2)	-
Number of contributing resources previously listed in the Nations Register $0$	al	
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property of a multiple property listing.) $N/A$	rty is no	)t
6. Function or Use		
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		
Cat: INDUSTRY/PROCESSING/ Sub: enerby facility EXTRACTION	-	
Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)	<del>-</del> .	
Cat: COMMERCE/TRADE Sub: warehouse	=	
Description		==
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions	 )	==
Romanesque		
Materials (Enter categories from instructions)		
foundation STONE: sandstone roof ASPHALT/ASBESTOS? walls BRICK		
other STONE: limestone, sandstone		
Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condit property on one or more continuation sheets.) See continuation		he
8. Statement of Significance See continuation sheet.		==
Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) Industry Architecture		

SDI/NPS NRHP Registration Form (Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.) (Baltimore City, MD)	(Page 3)
Period of Significance 1890-1940	
Significant Dates 1890 1896	
Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)	
Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Architect/Builder	
arrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of n one or more continuation sheets.) See continuation sheet.	the property
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Maps	
Bromley, G.W. and Co. Atlas of the City of Baltimore, Vol. 1. 1	Philadelphia:
1885, 1896. Hopkins, G.M. Map of the City of Baltimore, Maryland. 1876, 18	
Sanborn Map Company. <u>Insurance Maps, Baltimore, Maryland</u> , Vols. New York: 1890, 1901, 1914, 1928.	. 2,3, and 7.
Simmons, Isaac. 1852 Revision of the Thomas H. Poppleton Map. 1852.	Baltimore:
Farrell, Michael R. Who made All Our Streetcars Go? Baltim Railway Historical Society Publications, 1973.	nore National
Records of the Baltimore Streetcar Museum	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property Lot = 206' x 254' 8"	

SDI/NPS NRHP Registration Form (Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.) (Baltimore City, MD) (Page 4)
(Baltimore City, MD) (Fage 4)
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)
Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Northing
1 3
See continuation sheet.
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property.)
Block 3413, Lot 35
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.) The boundaries are based on a city lot(s) retaining original property lines.
11. Form Prepared By
name/title Elizabeth Jo Lampl & Kay Fanning/Architectural Historians organization Robinson & Associates date July 1992 street & number 1710 Connecticut Ave., NW telephone (202) 234-2333 city or town Washington state DC zip code 20009
Property Owner
(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.) name Stevenson Engineering
street&number 1600 Union Ave. telephone city or town Baltimore state MD zip code 21211

OMB No. 1024-0018

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 5 & 6 Page 1

Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co. name of property Baltimore City, Maryland county and State

## HISTORIC CONTEXT

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period(s): Industrial/Urban Dominance

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s): Transportation; Architecture, Landscape Architecture, and Community Planning

Resource Type:

Category: building(s)

Historic Environment: urban

Historic Function(s) and Use(s): transportation

Known Design Source: none

OMB No. 1024-0018

IPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 1

Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.
name of property
Baltimore City, Maryland
county and State

## DESCRIPTION

This industrial building, built in 1890, was designed in a powerful, robust Romanesque Revival style with picturesque massing and a fortress-like character. It is similar to the work of Philadelphia architect Frank Furness in its ornamentation, free adaptation of historical forms, and jarring juxtapositions of scale. Its heavy stone forms, and oversized arches also recall the work of Henry Hobson Richardson. It is clearly one of the most architecturally distinguished buildings in the survey area.

The Druid Hill Avenue pedestrian entrance is set in a two-story projecting rabled bay. This elevation consists of a taller block than the rest of the ouilding, its top floor treated in corner towers (of one and two stories in height) with finials. Long windows on the first floor are matched by oversized dormers in many of the bays. The Retreat Street elevation carries the architectural vocabulary of Druid Hill Avenue around the corner. The Francis Street elevation, on the other hand, has a much more planar surface and features a stepped parapet.

The southern end of the building features a one-story space which spans the length of the building. On the east, this section contains the large openings which provided access for the steetcar (see attached historical photograph). Inscribed above the primary bay in stone is the company which erected the structure, "The Baltimore Traction Company." At the western end of this section, the building takes on a simple one-story shop-like character, and has a monitor roof.

The entire building is covered in a series of cross-gabled roofs, which were originally clad in clay tile. Despite the building's immense scale, much of it is actually one story in height, with tall gables and pedimented dormers punctuating the roofline and making the building seem much taller. The brick structure stands on a rusticated, battered stone foundation, and has a great variety of ornamentation in molded brick and different types of stone. At the cornice level, a combination of decorative accents, including corbelled brick, a repeating series of brick panels, and a stone band carved

in depressed circles, forms a wide band around the building.

'PS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 2

Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.
name of property
Baltimore City, Maryland
county and State

Most windows have rusticated stone lintels; the first-floor openings in the primary entrance bay on the Druid Hill Avenue elevation have large arches. Other first-floor windows are tall, narrow, flat-headed features with transoms (now infilled with brick). The Francis Street elevation has segmental-arched openings on the first floor, and round-arched openings above. The maching lintels of both the first-floor windows and their transoms above form rough-faced beltcourses which encircle the two major elevations. The pediments of the dormer windows are highly unusual, and feature the original multi-paned leaded, opaque glass. This same type of lass originally filled in the transoms of the first-floor windows and the apper sash of the Druid Hill Avenue gable.

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 1

Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.
name of property
Baltimore City, Maryland
county and State

## SIGNIFICANCE

This combination power house/car barn was built in 1890 by the Baltimore Traction Company and signifies the innovative, albeit short-lived use of cable cars in Baltimore.

The Baltimore Traction Company was formed in 1889 as a merger of Citizens and People's Railways. Founded by a prominent banker, Edward Hambleton, the company had a rich foundation and could afford to expand rapidly. At the ime of the company's incorporation, the preferred, or "leading-edge" technology was electric power, and thus the company sought permission to become an electric enterprise. City officials, however, were wary of the dangers of overhead wires, and denied the company's request. Thus, Baltimore Traction began as a cable car operation. It began is business by laying cable along the former horsecar lines to Druid Hill and Patterson Parks.

The power house/car barn for the Druid Hill Park operation was constructed in 1890 on Druid Hill Avenue, simultaneously with the laying of the track along the street. The company's two original power houses—the one on Druid Hill and one on Pratt Street at Central—were designed to galvanize steam power to move the heavy steel ropes which ran through conduits laid in the center of the street beds.

The Druid Hill Car Barn was a massive structure—210 feet long and 260 feet deep. Cable cars entered the structure through a main door on Druid Hill Avenue onto a "transfer table" which ran the width of the building (see attached). A 1900 floor plan of the building when it was owned by the United Railways & Electric Company reveals a three-part composition to the interior: a northern portion devoted to the power house, a southern portion taken up by tracks and maintenance pits; and an eastern portion composed of the transfer table. (See attached.)

Two years after the Druid Hill Power House was in place, the company's success with the Druid Hill Avenue line spurred their laying of a second oute to Druid Hill Park--via Fayette and Gilmor Streets. In order to

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 2

Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co.
name of property
Baltimore City, Maryland
county and State

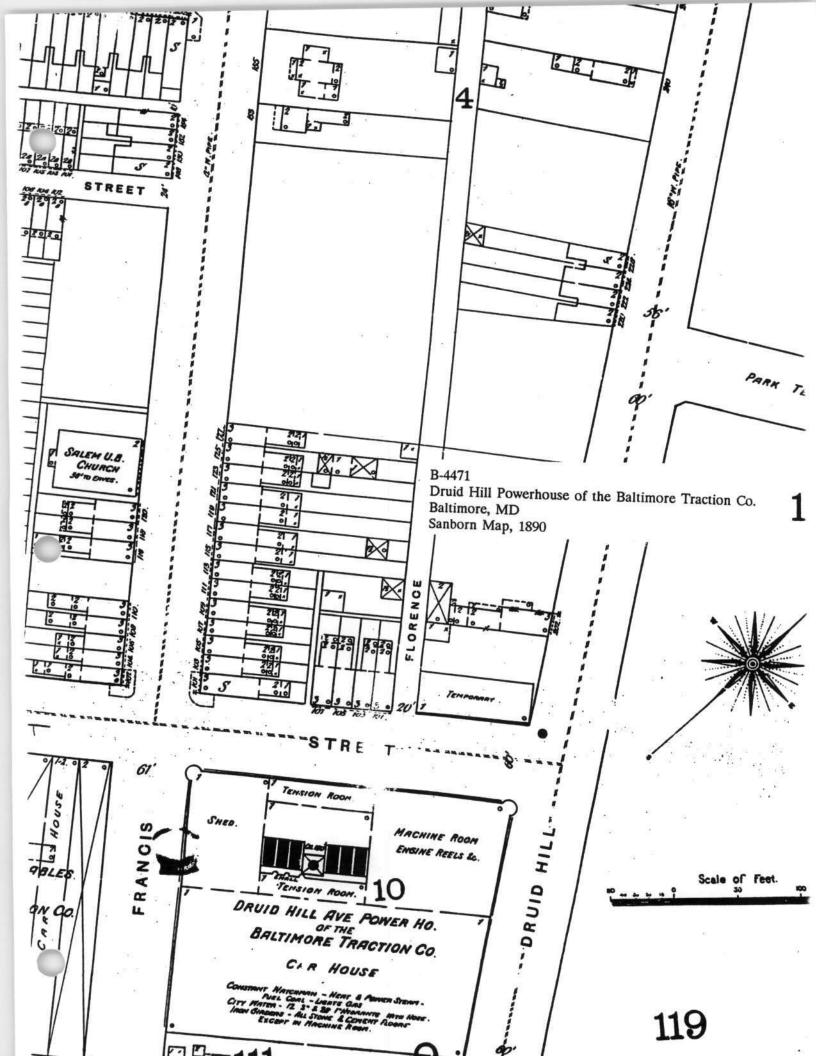
provide power for the cable, the company purchased the Epworth Methodist Church at Gilmor and Mosher (in Sandtown) and, in an early adaptive use venture, converted it to a power house. This church/power house served the Gilmor Street line beginning in August 1892.

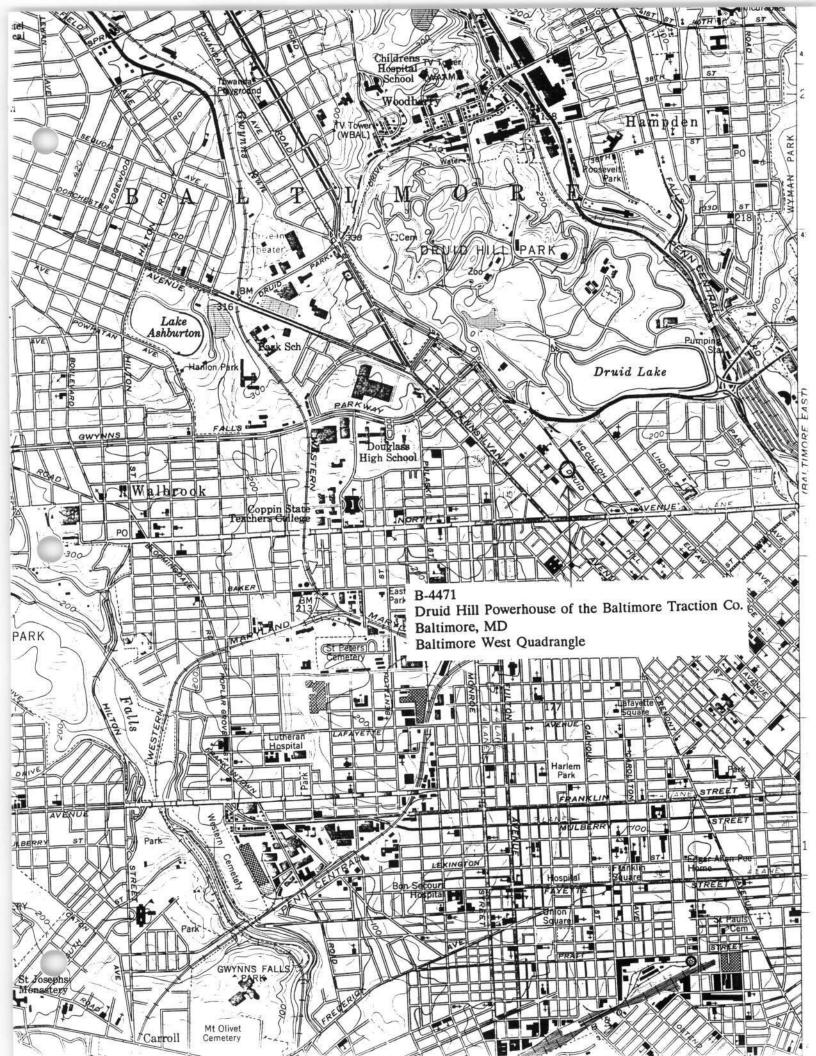
One year later, in 1893, the Baltimore Traction Company received approval to convert its tracks to electric power. The Carey Street and Fremont Street lines were converted that year, and the Gilmor Street line in 1895.

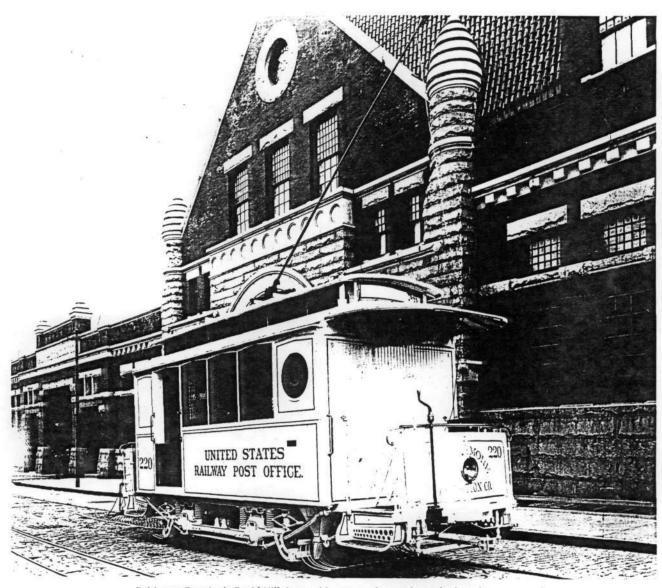
nly six years after its opening as a cable-car power house, the Druid Hill Avenue power house/car barn was converted to an electric generating plant.

Only two of the three Baltimore Traction Company power houses still stand; this one on Druid Hill and the other on Pratt Street. The church ultimately suffered a fire in 1976 while in its second reincarnation as the Regal Laundry.

RECONNAISSANCE-LEVEL SURVEY FORM
Neg. No
Current Name/Use <u>warehouse</u> Address(es) <u>2480 Druid Hill Avenue</u>
Resource/Property Type Rowhouses Commercial Structure
Public/Institutional Building  Public Housing  X Freestanding  Site  X Other  Note: transportational structure
Stories 2
Primary Material <u>brick</u> Secondary Material <u>brownstone</u> , limestone
Roof Form gable
No. of Bays in Unit/Facade 13 If Rowhouse: Flat Front Swell Front Porch
Window Type: _x Double-Hung Door Type: Single-Leaf 1/1 Sash Double-Leaf 2/2 Sash Number of panels (if visible) 2/1 Sash Transom X Other Sash X Transom
Architectural Style Romanesque Revival Date c. 1852-90
Noteworthy Features: Picturesque massing and fortress-like character. Gabled entrance with finials; Retreat St. elevation terminates in corner towers. Large pedimented dormers. Francis St. elevation has stepped parapet. Rusticated coursed ashlar stone foundations. Windows have arches, segmental arches, and rusticated stone lintels. Beltcourses of corbelled, patterned brickwork and decorative stone.
Alterations: Formstone Stucco  Vinyl/Aluminum x Window/Door Changes  Awnings Missing Cornice Elements  x First-Floor Use Change Other:
Status:x Occupied Vacant Mixed
NR Evaluation:x _ Contributing Non-Contributing  Recommended for Intensive Level:x Yes No
Surveyor: Joey Lampl Affiliation: Robinson & Associates Date: February-April 1992



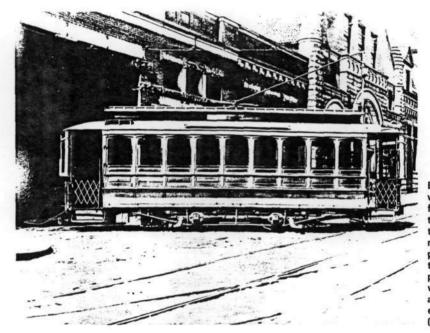




Baltimore Traction's Druid Hill Ave. cable power plant and attached car house are only a half dozen years old here, but already electric power has replaced the rope. Mail car served until 1929; the buildings still remain and are but little changed outwardly.

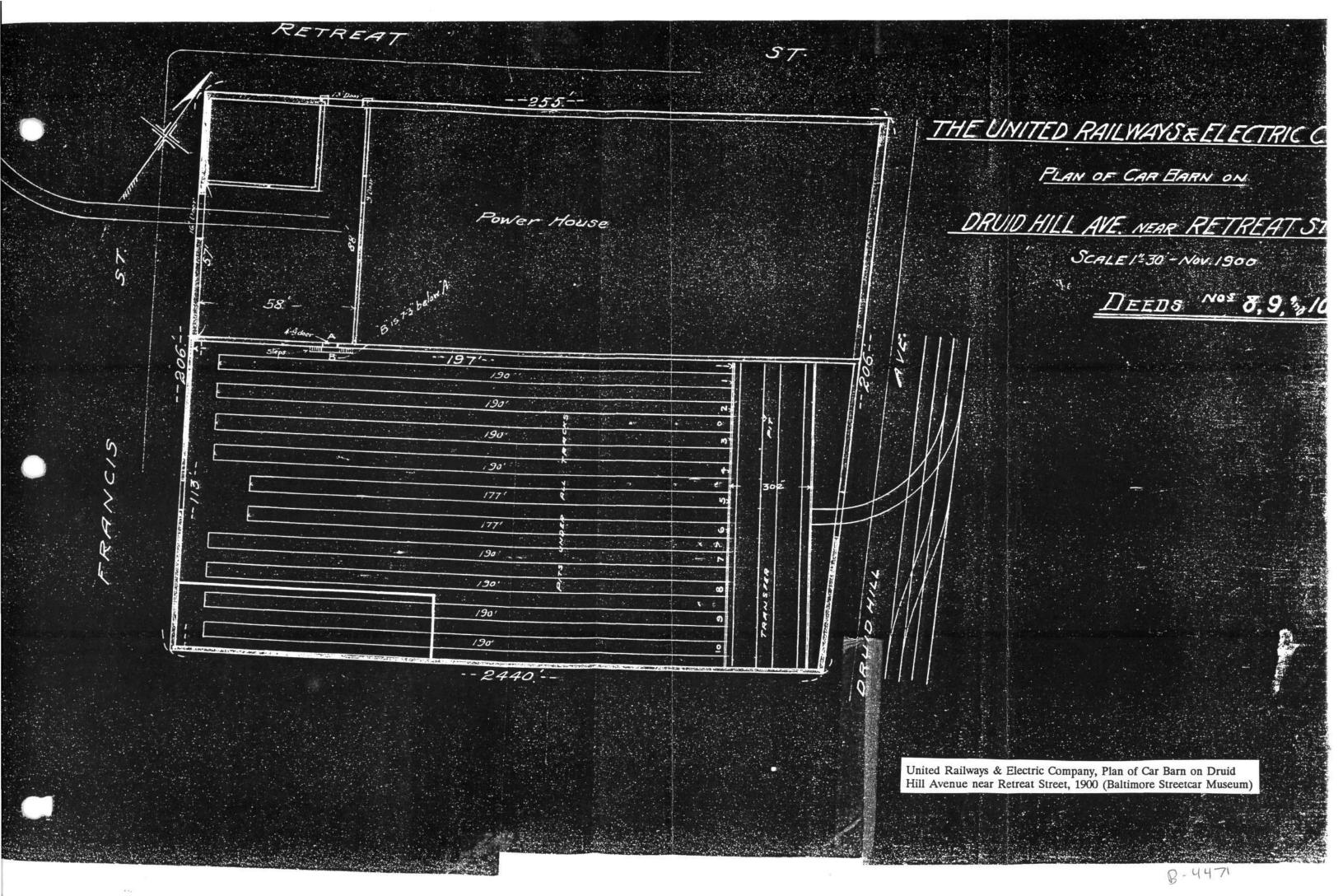
(L. C. Mueller collection)

Farrell, Michael. Who Made All Our Streetcars Go? Baltimore NRHS Publications, 1973.



Brill 1898 convertible
with windows installed
for winter service. In
the warmer months, only
thin white posts and
metal bars remained in
place. #2117 is about
to enter Traction Company's ex-cable barn,
which required little
alteration to handle
electric cars.
(L. C. Mueller collection)

Farrell, Michael. Who Made All Our Streetcars Go? Baltimore NRHS Publications, 1973.





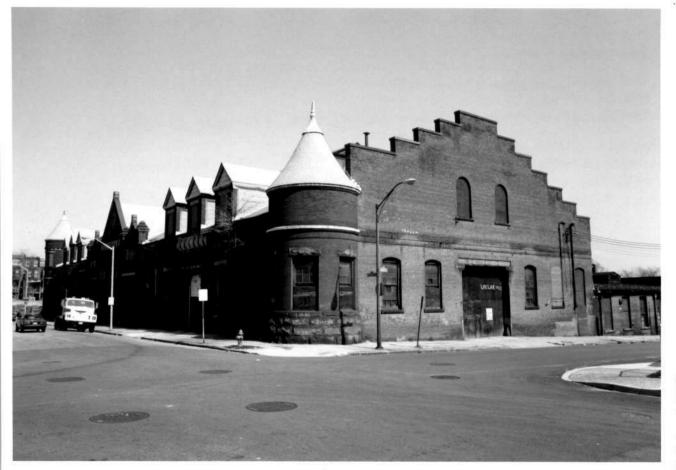
BALTIMORE, MD

ELIZABETH JO LAMPL
MARCH 1992
CITY OF BALTIMORE, GMNISSION FOR HISTORICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL PRESEDUATION
HISTORIC: DRUID HILL POWER HOUSE OF THE BALTIMORE TRACTION G.
CURRENT: WAREHOUSE - 2480 Druid Hill Addrive
VIEW FACING SOUTH
ROLL 7/NEG 10

1 of 4

#B-4471

SANDTOWN - WINCHESTER / PENN-NORTH



BALTIMORE, MD

EUZABETH OF LAMPL

MARCH 1992

COMMISSION FOR HISTORICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL PRESERVATION (CMM OF BALTIMORE)

HISTORIC: DEVID HILL POWER HOUSE OF THE BALTIMORE TRACTION G.

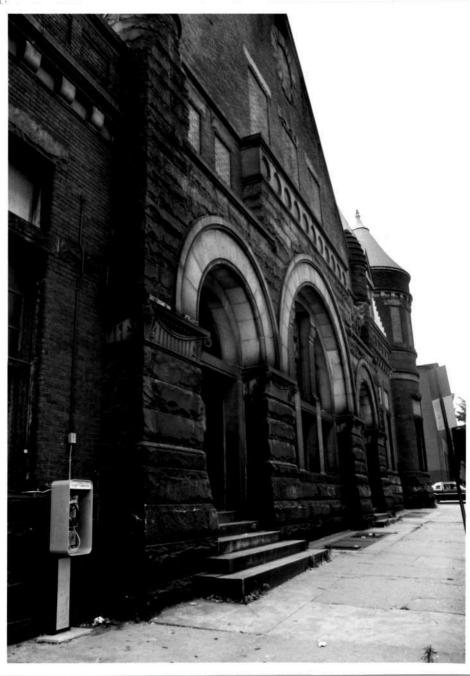
CURRENT: WAREHOUSE - 2480 Draid Hill Avenue VIEW FACING SOUTHEAST ROLL TINEG 3

PENN-NORTH

200

#B-4471

SINDTOWN-WINCHESTER

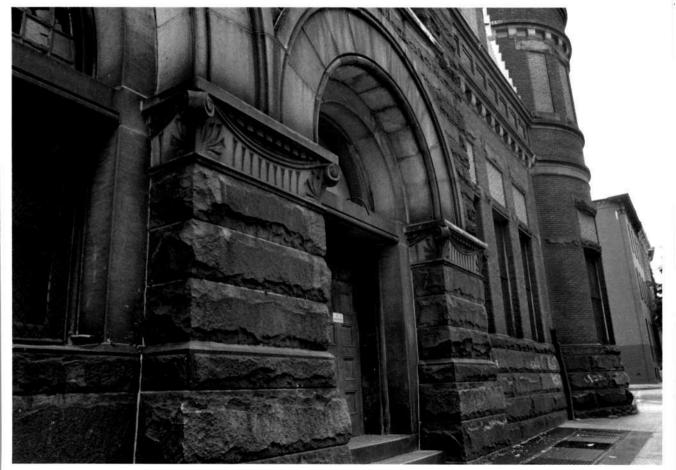


# 8-4471 Baltimore, MD Leonard Jackson July 1992 City of Baltimore, Commission for Historical and architectural Preservation Historic: Druid Hill Powerhouse of the Baltimore Traction Co. current: wavehouse 2480 Druid Hill Avenue DETAIL DRUID HILL AVE. ENTRANCE

Roll 9/ Neg 25

30f4

Sandtown-Windnester/penn-north



Sandtown-Windrester/Penn-horth #8-4471 Baltimore, MD Leonard Jackson July 1992 City of Baltimore, Commission For Historical and Architectural preservation Historic: Druid Hill: Powerhouse of the Baltimore traction Co current: wavehouse 2480 Drind HIM EVENUE DETAIL DRUID HILL AVE. ENTRANCE RON 11/neg 27 4 0 4